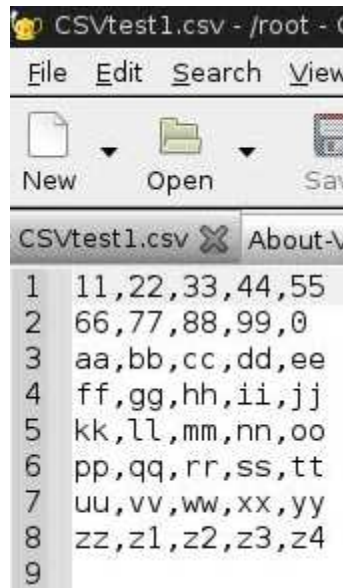


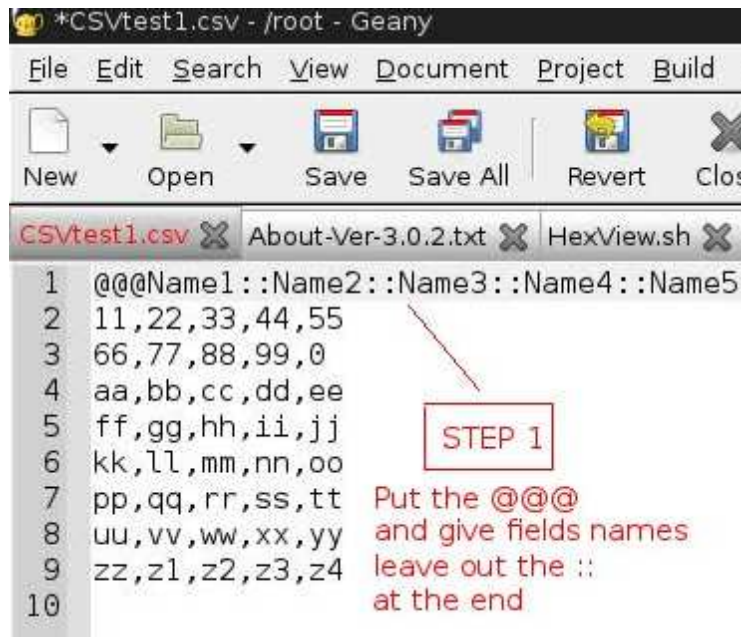
CONVERTING CSV TO FIELDS.AWK USING GEANY IN 3 EASY STEPS

Pete (21 June 2016) <http://www.murga-linux.com/puppy/viewtopic.php?t=107222>

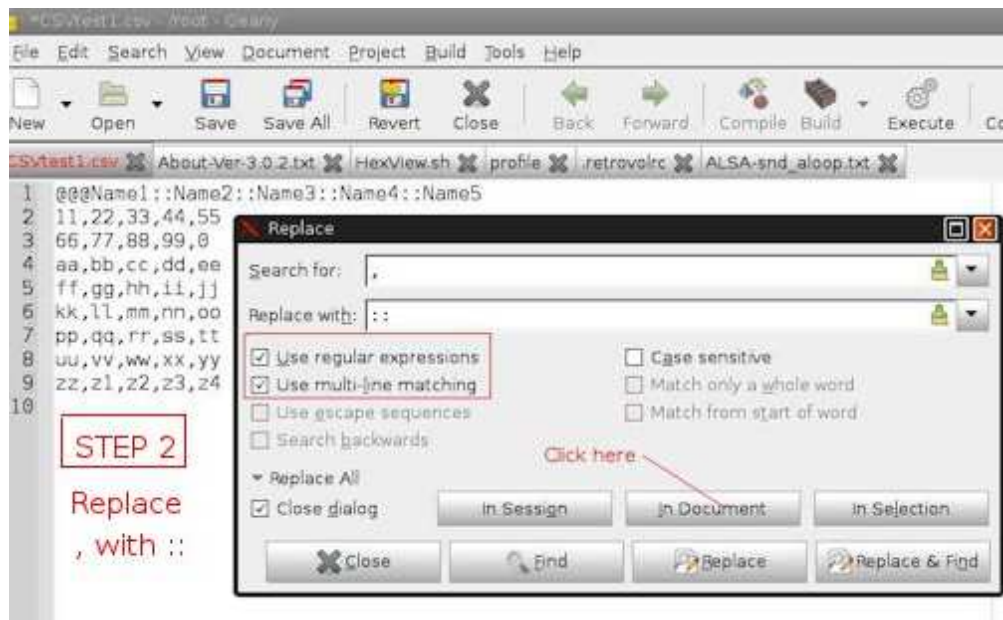
Open the csv in geany:



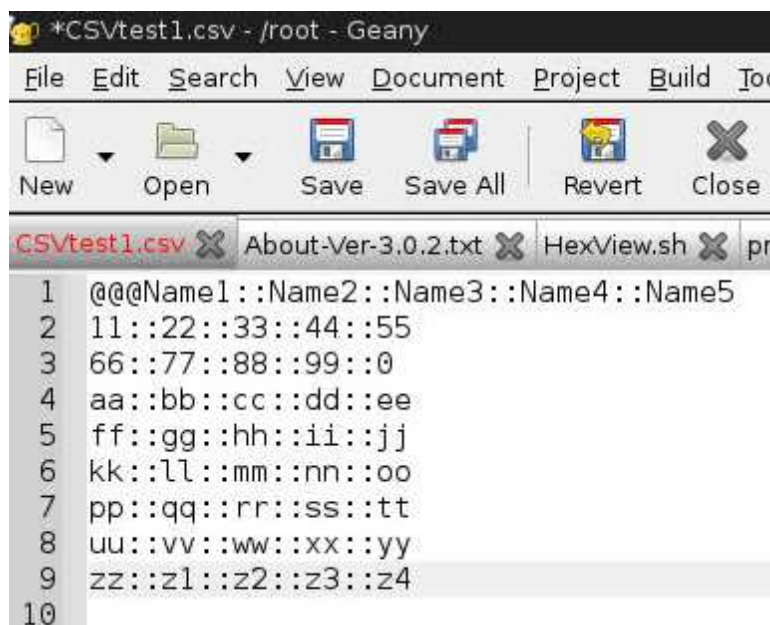
Now insert a line above the first one and add @@@ plus give each of the fields names of your choice.



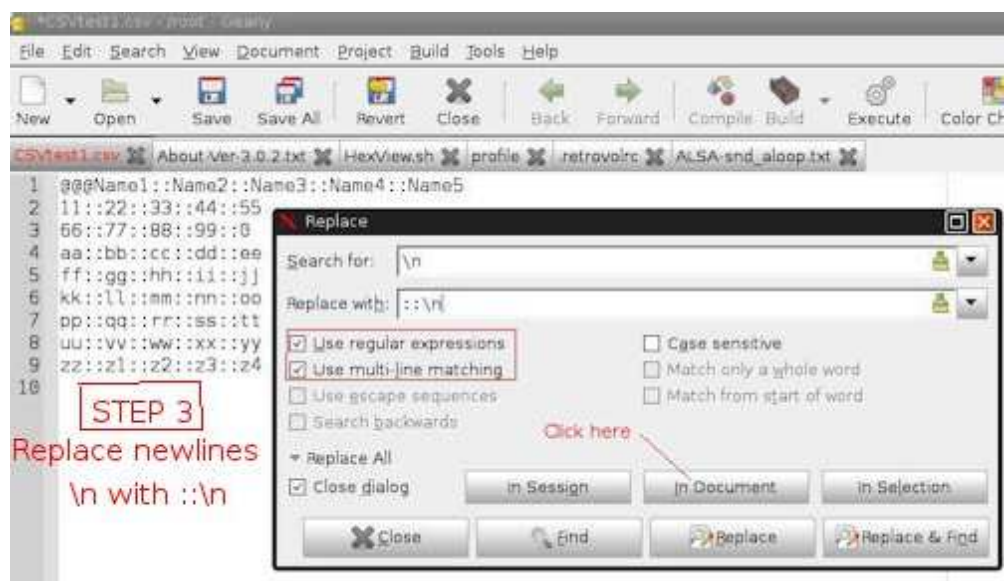
Now select Search --> Replace (check on the pic below which options are selected)



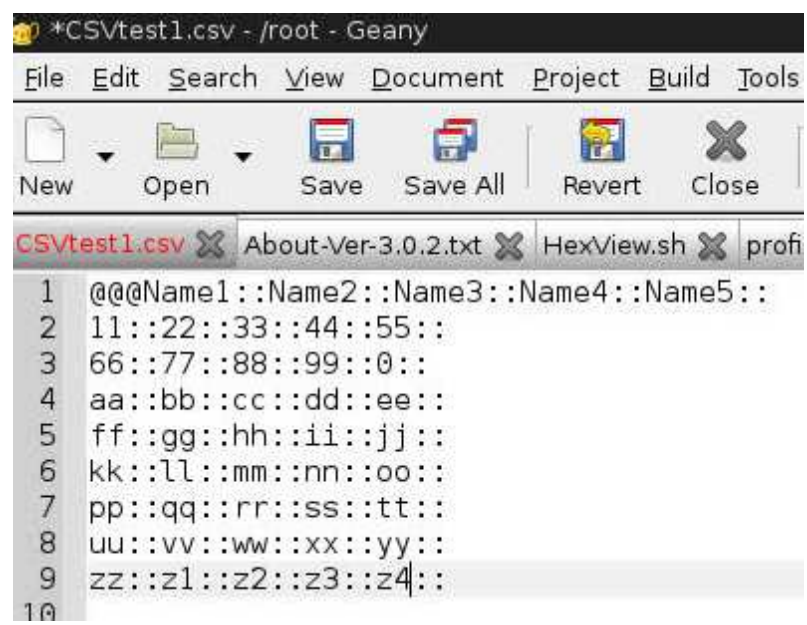
It should now look like this:



Now Search --> Replace again (see pic below)

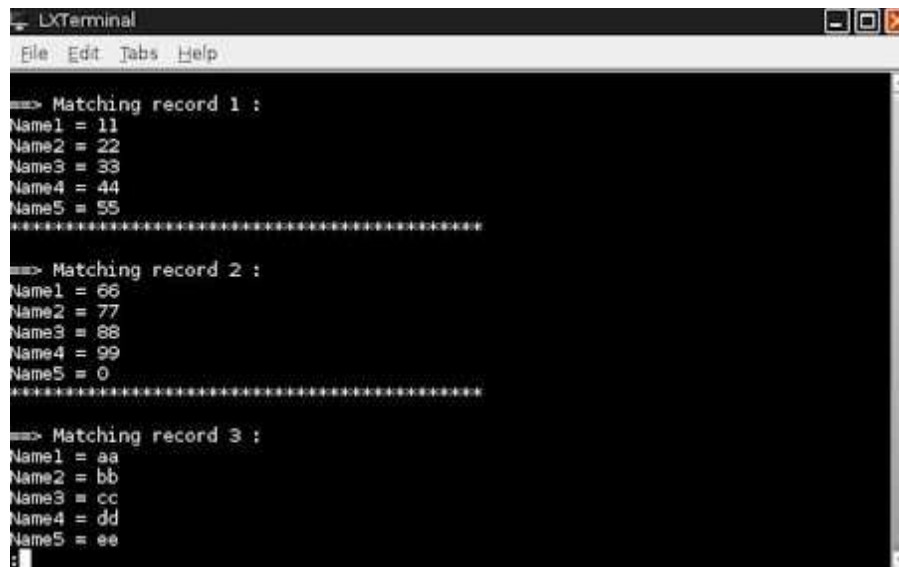


Should look like this now:



All done, now save with a new name (not to overwrite the original .csv) and don't forget to give it a .txt extension.

This is what it looks like in fields.awk



The screenshot shows an LXTerminal window with a menu bar (File, Edit, Tabs, Help) and standard window controls. The terminal output displays three records, each preceded by '==> Matching record X :'. Record 1 lists Name1 through Name5 with values 11, 22, 33, 44, and 55. Record 2 lists Name1 through Name5 with values 66, 77, 88, 99, and 0. Record 3 lists Name1 through Name5 with values aa, bb, cc, dd, and ee. Each record is followed by a line of asterisks. The cursor is at the end of the third record's output.

```
LXTerminal
File Edit Tabs Help

==> Matching record 1 :
Name1 = 11
Name2 = 22
Name3 = 33
Name4 = 44
Name5 = 55
*****

==> Matching record 2 :
Name1 = 66
Name2 = 77
Name3 = 88
Name4 = 99
Name5 = 0
*****

==> Matching record 3 :
Name1 = aa
Name2 = bb
Name3 = cc
Name4 = dd
Name5 = ee
:
```